On double correlations of multiplicative functions

Joni TERÄVÄINEN University of Turku

Let $g:\mathbb{N}\to\mathbb{C}$ be a bounded multiplicative function. We consider the logarithmically weighted correlation

$$\frac{1}{\log x} \sum_{n \le x} \frac{g(n)g(n+1)}{n}.$$
(1)

In a recent breakthrough work, Tao showed that if g is non-pretentious, then the correlation (??) is o(1). Making a different assumption on g, namely that g has "density" δ (over arithmetic progressions in a suitable sense), we show that the correlation (??) has the anticipated value $\delta^2 + o(1)$.

We present applications to consecutive smooth numbers, in particular establishing a logarithmic version of a conjecture of Erdős and Pomerance.